

Total Questions : 50

Time : 1 hr.

**PATTERN & MARKING SCHEME**

Section	(1) History	(2) Geography	(3) Political Science	(4) Economics	(5) Achievers Section
No. of Questions	15	10	10	10	5
Marks per Ques.	1	1	1	1	3

**SYLLABUS\***

**Section – 1 :** History – Beginning of Civilisation, State and Society (upto 1000 CE), Building a Resilient India (1000 CE - 1700 CE), India and the World-I (1900 BCE - 1200 CE).

**Section – 2 : Geography** – Shaping of the Earth's Surface, Atmosphere and Climate, Oceans and Life on Earth.

**Section – 3 : Political Science** – Democracy and Elections, Roots of Authority and its Evolution.

**Section – 4 : Economics** – Building Blocks in Economics, How Market Works?, From Ideas to Startups, Smart Ways to Manage Your Finances.

**Section – 5 :** Higher Order Thinking Questions - Syllabus as per Section – 1, 2, 3 & 4.

\*Understanding Social Science chapter is a part of all sections. For latest syllabus, keep visiting [www.sofworld.org](http://www.sofworld.org)

- Sushruta is known for \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Ayurvedic pharmacology  
 (B) Surgical techniques and operations  
 (C) Botanical classification of medicinal plants  
 (D) Ancient Indian metallurgy
- Which of the following were major articles of trade in ancient India?  
 (A) Tea, coffee and machinery  
 (B) Spices, textiles, precious stones and metals  
 (C) Coal, petroleum and plastics  
 (D) Only gold and silver
- Consider the following statements regarding the Bhakti movement and select the correct option.  
 (i) Bhakti traditions encouraged direct devotion to a personal deity without elaborate rituals.  
 (ii) Bhakti saints often composed their teachings in vernacular languages rather than Sanskrit.  
 (iii) The Bhakti movement completely rejected temple worship across India.  
 (iv) Bhakti traditions helped bridge cultural differences across regions.  
 (A) (i), (ii) and (iv) only  
 (B) (i) and (iii) only  
 (C) (ii), (iii) and (iv) only  
 (D) All of these
- During the 'Retreating Monsoon' season in India, which part of the country receives significant rainfall?  
 (A) Tamil Nadu Coast  
 (B) The Malabar Coast  
 (C) Punjab and Haryana  
 (D) The Thar Desert

