

Total Questions : 50

Time : 1 hr.

PATTERN & MARKING SCHEME

Section	(1) Social Studies	(2) Achievers Section
No. of Questions	45	5
Marks per Ques.	1	3

SYLLABUS

Section – 1 : Climate and Geographical Diversity of India, Understanding the Weather, India's Agricultural Journey, India and Its Neighbouring Countries, Cities, States and the Rise of Empires, The Age of Reorganisation, The Gupta Era: A Legacy of Art, Science, and Literature, Empires and Kingdoms: 6th to 12th Century, India - A Sacred Land, The State and the Types of Governments, The Constitution of India, Barter, Money and the Banks, Understanding Markets, Infrastructure: Lifeline of India's Development.

Section – 2 : Higher Order Thinking Questions-Syllabus as per Section – 1.

- A new phase often called India's 'Second Urbanisation' started in _____.
 (A) 1st millennium BCE (B) 2nd millennium BCE
 (C) 3rd millennium BCE (D) 4th millennium BCE
- Which of these 'Mahajanpadas' had *Sabha* and *Samiti* as part of their political system?
 (A) Magadha and Kosala (B) Kuru and Magadha
 (C) Malla and Vajji (D) Anga and Avanti
- What were 'guilds' in the Medieval India?
 (A) Association of traders (B) Association of craftsmen
 (C) Association of moneylenders (D) All of these
- Which sector does the Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI) primarily support with funding?
 (A) Education and healthcare
 (B) Agriculture and farming
 (C) Power and textiles
 (D) None of these
- Why is sovereignty considered as an essential feature of a state?
 (A) It ensures that no external body can interfere in the running of state.
 (B) It allows other countries to intervene when necessary.
 (C) It prohibits the state to impose taxes on foreign goods.
 (D) None of these
- The Aravallis are among the oldest mountain ranges in the world, around 2.5 billion years old. The range has different peaks and ridges. What is the average height of most hills in the Aravalli Range?
 (A) 1000 to 1500 metres (B) 300 to 900 metres
 (C) 2100 to 2500 metres (D) 1500 to 2000 metres

7. Complete the given analogy by selecting the correct option.

Kumbhalgarh Fort : Rajasthan :: Living roots bridge : _____

- (A) Himachal Pradesh (B) Meghalaya
(C) Haryana (D) Rajasthan

8. Which of the following state(s) is/are highly susceptible to floods?

- (A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Bihar (C) Kerala (D) All of these

ACHIEVERS SECTION

9. What are the key functions of bureaucracy?

- (i) Making laws for the country
(ii) Protecting and defending the laws
(iii) Implementing laws, policies, and schemes
(iv) Record-keeping and governance

- (A) (i) and (ii) only (B) (iii) and (iv) only
(C) (i) and (iii) only (D) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

10. Match the column I with the column II and select the correct option.

Column I

- (i) Temperature
(ii) Wind
(iii) Humidity
(iv) Sleet

Column II

- (a) The movement of air, including its speed and direction
(b) How hot or cold the atmosphere is
(c) Frozen or partly frozen rain
(d) The amount of water vapour in the air

- | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
|---------|------|-------|------|
| (A) (b) | (a) | (d) | (c) |
| (B) (c) | (a) | (b) | (d) |
| (C) (a) | (d) | (b) | (c) |
| (D) (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |

ANSWER KEY

1. (A) 2. (C) 3. (D) 4. (C) 5. (A) 6. (B) 7. (B) 8. (D) 9. (B) 10. (A)